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come to Joe's Communication and Mr. Dawson says yes, using the same type of scenario you would on the IXC side to get someone to switch to MCI or AT&T to keep the third-party verification stuff, under those circumstances if the CSR's identified as being one that's on a pending sale, we will give it without it, and we'll look for the order to come in.

- Q. So what you're saying is that let's say it was -MCI was the CLEC who was about to sign up Mr.

 Dawson, unlikely as that might be.
- A. I would hope so.
- Q. Let's say that Mr. Dawson called up MCI and was thinking about becoming a customer and in fact agreed to become a customer. You're saying, you're suggesting that Ameritech would provide the CSR record to MCI immediately at that point without requiring MCI to send the written LOA?
- A. If it's under the condition and I'm not, you know, if it's the same type of requirement that is done under the IXC to get Mr. Dawson to take them as their long distance carrier, then, yes, we would provide that CSR without the letter of authorization.
- Q. Still on the preordering functions here, do you

 know whether Ameritech's preordering OSS system allows a CLEC to view the available interexchange carriers in a customer's exchange area?

- A. I don't believe it does, no. I believe that's data that's provided to a CLEC. I don't believe it's provided over the preordering interface.
- Q. But that's information that the CLEC would be able to have when they're talking to a customer, a potential customer?
- A. I believe that's data similar to the street
 address guide or the feature availability where it
 would be a list of available interexchange
 carriers would be provided. I'm not sure whether
 that's provided on a electronic or paper form.
- Q. But would you agree it would be important for a

 CLEC when they're in the process of selling a

 customer in their new local service to be able to

 tell the potential customer who the potential long

 distance carriers they might select --
- A. I would assume that MCI would know that, the one they prefer them to take. But, yes, I would agree with you, other potential long distance carriers should be available to them.
- Q. But if that potential customer wanted somebody other than MCI to handle the long distance piece

1		of it, MCI would
2	A.	Yes, I agree with you.
3	Q.	It would be important?
4	A.	I agree.
5	Q.	Do you know whether Ameritech is providing some
6		type of interface so MCI can determine who the
7		available in a resale circumstance, who the
8		available long distance providers are at a
9		particular switch?
10	A.	I believe I'm not sure of the exact format that
11		that data is provided. But I do believe that it
12		is provided either under a disk or in a paper
13		form. But it's equivalent to the type of data
14		that's provided to customer service or customer
15		service reps. They use an M&P document.
16	Q.	But that's not on the does that show up as data
17		on the EDI screen?
18	A.	The existing PIC would be on the EDI, the CSR.
19		But the additional ones, no, it would not.
20	Q.	Do you know how Ameritech customer service
21		representatives are able to tell customer
22	A.	I believe it's M&P documentation.
23	Q.	Is that something that appears on the Ameritech
24		customer service representative's computer screen?
25	A.	They have electronic access to the electronic M&P

- which is an electronic paper.
- Q. I guess then what I'm asking is will Ameritech provide that same electronic format of the PIC availability to CLECs?
- A. And I believe that we have. I believe that they have provided -- I think we're having some -- missing each other here. My belief is that the Ameritech service reps use methods and procedures, you know, documents, to be able to determine what PICs are available. I believe we provide that information to the CLEC. Whether we provide the internal Ameritech M&P or some separate document or some separate file with available PICs, I'm not sure.
- Q. Okay. You've testified earlier that I think this is -- we're now looking at ordering of unbundled network elements. I realize we're moving around a little bit. But ordering of unbundled network elements. I believe you testified that loops could be ordered through the EDI interface?
- A. No, I did not.
- Q. Do I have it backwards? Why yes, I do. You testified that line side switching could be ordered through the EDI interface?
- A. That's correct.

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1	Q.	But loops would have to be ordered through the ASR
2		interface?
3	A.	That is correct.
4	Q.	Now, moving aside from the question of common
5		transport, do you know how MCI would be able to
6		order a combination of a loop and a line side
7		switch?
8	A.	That would be over the EDI interface.
9	Q.	They could order the loop also over the EDI
10		interface?
11	A.	If it's well, when unbundled elements get
12		rebundled, we don't order them as piece parts. We
13		make up a third product that would be that. So
14		instead of it being, you know, ordering an
15		unbundled port and an unbundled loop and put them
16		together, we would make product C that's an
17		unbundled loop and an unbundled port. So it would
18		come to us in that case, it would look real
19		similar if not exactly the same as a resold line
20		order except for the class of service which
21		identified it as an unbundled element.
22	Q.	Do you know if Ameritech has already put together
23		such a product as you've just described, its own

version of a product with an unbundled line side

switch and a loop?

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A. I believe as a result of some interconnection agreements we do have to offer that. I'm not sure if from the product side whether or not they have definitively given the information out and defined what happens within the switch.

Because on all, on the unbundled switching, there is a component that has to be built within the switch that determines how the calls are processed and all that, and then the class of service will point you to those, routing. Once that is done, then that class of service is what is given to us to do the ordering. So it's like to me just like call waiting or call pick up. Just another feature.

- Q. Sounds as if we're speaking in the abstract a little bit. And I just want to turn it to the concrete if we could. I'd like to know whether or not MCI could order that combination today using an electronic interface, a single electronic interface?
- A. Could MCI order using just common or I can't even

 -- I don't know what the term would be, as far as

 the switching side, if the actual network was

 built behind no matter what type it was, yes, they

 could use an EDI interface.

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- Q. So MCI you're telling me today would not need to put in separate orders for the different components?
- A. For the one that you gave which is an unbundled switching port and the loop, that would go on the same order.
- Q. I take it that breaks down though if we were to add common transport?
 - Well, Counsel, common transport, I mean this all gets confusing because even though they're put together from an ordering perspective, I don't want -- not from ordering perspective, from a definition perspective, from an implementation and a switch perspective they can't. I mean you can't buy a one-fortieth of a trunk group or one-fortieth of a trunk whenever you put a line in. So from the perspective of how things are built, we built it on the same scenario you use on the IXC side.

On the IXC side you use the ASR process to build your network and put all your switches in and put all the links between your switches. Once you have the switches built, you use a separate interface to add the lines to that network.

That's the same thing we're doing with -- on the

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unbundled local switching side. Anything that's
network based you would use the ASR process to
build your network, and then you would use the EDI
process to put a line onto the network.

- Q. But still that would require use of two separate interfaces and two separate orders if that's what MCI wanted to do?
- A. If MCI wanted to build a network and put lines on it with one order, could they do that, is that what you're asking?
- Q. For a single customer, single line, single line side switch and line port on the other side, trunk port on the other side?
- A. Counsel, I have trouble figuring out what that order would look like.
- Q. Thank you. Page 10 of your direct testimony, I'll read it so you don't necessarily have to find it unless you hear an error in my reading. You testified that there is no need for a mechanized interface for verifying order status or completion because most unbundled loop orders are coordinated with the other carrier?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Doesn't that statement require an assumption on the side of the CLEC that they would have the

1		capacity to manually track some number of orders
2		for unbundled network elements?
3	A.	I don't understand the correlation between the
4		two.
5	Q.	Well, you would agree with me that if a CLEC was
6		processing or monitoring orders for five unbundled
7		loops, that it wouldn't take too many CLEC
8		employees to manually track the status and
9		coordinate that small number of loops, right?
10	A.	Counsel, what this is alluding to is when we put
11		unbundled loops and coordinate which means there
12		is a CLEC person at the other end who is putting
13		the wire in at the same time we're putting the
14		wire in. So they know they put the wire in, they
15		know it's completed,.
16		MR. PAULSON: Can the reporter read back
17		my question?
18		(Record read.)
19		THE WITNESS: Yes.
20	BY I	MR. BERNS:
21	Q.	My follow up would be if the CLEC were processing
22		1,000 orders for unbundled loops that it might
23		begin to tax the capacity of the CLEC to
24		coordinate those loops on a manual basis or to
25		monitor the progress of those loop orders on a

- manual basis getting on the phone with the ILEC?
- A. The CLEC's involved with the completion of those orders. The CLEC is on the phone when that order is completed.
- Q. The CLEC isn't on the phone the entire time between the ordering and the actual connection of the element?
- A. No, but they are when the order is completed which is what you're questioning on. They're not during the processing. But when the order is completed, we have to physically move the line from Ameritech's network and put it on the CLEC's. And the CLEC is on the phone when we do that to make sure that the customer -- and there is dial tone at the CLEC.
- Q. At the very instant that they're moving the line?
- A. That's correct.
- 0. That's true.
- A. And that's when the order is complete because that's when the customer has service.
 - Q. But up to that point you're suggesting that the only way that a CLEC could know the status of an order is for the CLEC to call Ameritech in this case?
- A. That is correct.

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1	Q.	They don't go through an electronic interface to
2		find out the status?
3	A.	That is correct.
4	Q.	Okay. Just a few more questions, Mr. Rogers. Do
5		you know what type of interface a CLEC would
6		currently use to order DID trunks?
7	A.	DID trunks?
8	Q.	Resale.
9	A.	Resale, I believe it would be
10	Q.	I'm sorry, did I hear the answer?
11	A.	I believe that would be EDI.
12	Q.	Okay. I take it that's something you've
13		investigated since last Monday?
14	A.	Yes, it is.
15	Q.	So last Monday for some reason, you weren't aware
16		of that last Monday though?
17	A.	I wasn't sure. And since I was under oath, I
18		didn't want to guess.
19	Q.	Always smart. Do you know what interface a CLEC
20		would use to order a Centrex service on a resale
21		basis?
22	A.	EDI.
23	Q.	Do you know whether Ameritech's EDI interface
24		currently allows MCI to order Centrex service?
25	A.	Yes, it does.

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- Q. Do you know if that's been communicated -- excuse me. Do you know who at MCI that's been communicated to?
- A. I wouldn't -- one of my implementation managers would have to communicate. I mean the electronic service ordering guide does have Centrex and does have examples of Centrex I believe. We are getting Centrex orders already interface. So not from MCI but we are getting orders over the interface for Centrex.
- Q. Are you aware that MCI has requested meetings with Ameritech to have it explained to MCI just how they could order Centrex over the EDI interface?
- A. No, I'm not aware of that.
- Q. Are you aware that MCI has been told they have toorder Centrex using manual forms?
- A. No, I am not aware of that.
- Q. That's news to you?
- A. That's news to me. Counsel, let me add something to that previous answer. I believe for adding Centrex lines, I won't say I believe, I know for Centrex lines that you use the EDI interface. But I also believe that things like building the Centrex common block and that type of stuff may be done on paper because that's the way it's done on

1		the retail side. So I'm not sure whether that's
2		what they were alluding to or not.
3	Q.	AT&T may have already asked you this question, do
4		you know how a CLEC would order ISDN?
5	A.	That would be the EDI interface too unless it's
6		ISDN prime. I haven't been able to definitively
7		determine which interface we use for that.
8	Q.	Same question then as before, would it surprise
9		you to hear that MCI has been told that they would
10		have to use manual forms to order ISDN?
11	A.	Yes, it would.
12	Q.	Page 41 of your direct testimony. I'll tell you,
13		your testimony states that CLECs will be given at
14		least 60 days notice prior to any change in the
15		version of an ordering interface?
16	Α.	Yes.
17	Q.	Isn't it true that most recently when Ameritech
18		announced a change in the standard it was set to
19		take effect April 7th?
20	Α.	I believe that's the case, yes.
21	Q.	Are you aware that MCI wasn't notified until
22		February 22nd I believe?
23	A.	I believe it was somewhere around that date, yes.
24	Q.	So that's about 42 days?
25	A.	If that's the math, yes.

Q. Okay.

The interface, I mean the date was also because of that was also pushed off.

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EXAMINER JAMES: Ms. Bowles.

MR. BERNS: Mr. Rogers, I have nothing

Cross-Examination

By Ms. Bowles:

more for you.

- Q. Thank you. Mr. Rogers, I'm Julie Bowles with Sprint. I just have a couple of questions for you this afternoon. On page 16 of your direct testimony on the first paragraph, line 2, you indicate that the subsystem you're speaking of in this testimony only represents the only unique piece of software needed to facilitate order entry. Can you expand on what you mean by that?
- A. Yes. The interfaces that we created, all they do is convert the order into a standard Ameritech service order and put it into the same downstream systems for processing.
- Q. Is this generally industry supported, this piece of software? Is this unique to Ameritech?
- A. The software itself? The EDI standard is. And EDI systems when people -- when industries implement EDI in there, that's usually what they

1		do, they take the electronic purchase orders and
2		convert it into whatever internal format they use
3		and put it in their existing systems.
4	Q.	Was this specifically designed for local service
5		provision?
6	A.	Yes, it was.
7	Q.	Okay. Also on page 16 near the bottom of the page
8		you've testified that the testing approach was to
9		create test cases that would mimic the range of
10		resell orders?
11	A.	Yes.
12	Q.	Could you further describe that? Was this with
13		numerous CLECs, with complex CLECs?
14	A.	It was just a take based on the forecasts and
15		based on whatever marketing information was
16		available at the time. It was to take a sampling
17		of different types of customers and different
18		types of services that likely we would receive
19		like orders for and send them through the system
20		for testing.
21	Q.	On page 18 of your testimony in the last paragraph
22		you indicate that syntactical error occurring in
23		the format of a message does not meet
24		specifications?

A. That's correct.

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- Is the specifications, the system design, 0. supported by other RBOCs or CLECs?
- A. Specifications.
- 0. The system --
- What this is getting at is that the specifications Α. for the interface were published. And that syntactical errors if they are against the published specifications, then they drop out.
- But these specifications are just for Ameritech? Ο.
- Let me figure out what context. Α.
 - Are they just Ameritech specific specifications? 0.
 - The interfaces are based on the existing industry Α. standards that were in place when we did this. The industry standards do not and did not support the full range of wholesale offerings. So would they be only Ameritech, yes. But they are -- I think we're the only one that's really doing to this degree EDI interface.
 - On page 29 of your testimony in the first 0. paragraph you indicate that during the remaining nine months of 1997 based on forecasted demand we plan to add additional capacity which will quadruple system capacity?
- Α. Yes.

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Would you believe that if flawed forecasts or no

1		forecast for one or more CLECs would impact
2		Ameritech's retail and other CLECs?
3	A.	I'm sorry, I don't understand that question.
4	Q.	If any of these forecasts were flawed or if
5		certain CLECs did not give you any forecast, would
6		it change the results that you have here?
7	A.	These results are because based on some CLECs
8		doing just what you said. These are the results
9		based on CLECs not providing us forecasts. Not
10		all CLECs not providing us forecasts.
11		MS. BOWLES: I have no further
12		questions.
13		EXAMINER JAMES: Mr. Hughes.
14		MR. HUGHES: Thank you.
15		Cross-Examination
16	By M	r. Hughes:
17	Q.	Mr. Rogers, I have a couple questions. When you
18		use the phrase the systems are fully tested and
19		operational, what do you mean by that?
20	A.	Well, that they went under testing both by the
21		vendors in the case when we had third-party
22		providers and that they went through integration
23		testing once we received them. We tested the
24		system.
25	Q.	Does that phrase encompass the thought that

- whatever flaws were uncovered in the testing had been remedied?
- A. Yes, it does.
- Q. So when you say something is fully tested and operational, you mean that there are no flaws you are aware of in the systems that are still out there unfixed?
- A. I don't think I could categorize it as absolutely no flaws in the system. I don't think that I could ever, you know, categorize that there are no flaws in the system or any other system that is developed. There is no flaws that would impair a provider from doing business with it.
- Q. Since the time you submitted your testimony you have learned that there are at least a handful of errors with respect to the MORTEL system, isn't that --
- A. That is correct.
- Q. And since you became aware of that fact, does that change your opinion as to whether your systems are fully tested and operational?
- A. It doesn't change my testimony as of when I filed it. But I do concede that there are some flaws or some errors that need to be resolved with the systems.

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1	Q.	Okay. So your state of knowledge today is there
2		are some errors there that have to be fixed before
3		you can state with confidence under oath that your
4		systems are fully tested and operational?
5	A.	That is correct.
6		MR. HUGHES: That's all I have.
7		EXAMINER JAMES: Anyone else before the
8		staff?
9		(No response.)
10		EXAMINER JAMES: Mr. Kelley.
11		Cross-Examination
12	By M	r. Kelley:
13	Q.	Mr. Rogers, you've reviewed Ms. Wiecki's direct
14		and rebuttal testimony, have you not?
15	A.	Yes, I have.
16	Q.	And directing your attention to your own rebuttal
17		testimony at page 7.
18		MR. DAWSON: Do you have that, Joe?
19		THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
20	BY M	R. KELLEY:
21	Q.	About the middle of the page, there is a question
22		have you reviewed Ms. Wiecki's opinions in which
23		she purports to find a correlation between the
24		frequency of missed due dates and whether the
25	}	underlying order was processed manually or

electronically. You answered in the affirmative.

And then you were asked to comment upon her

opinions, and your answer began, I do not know how

Ms. Wiecki made the calculations upon which she

relies, and so I am not able to agree or disagree

with the arithmetic in her testimony.

My question to you is did you ask to see Ms. Wiecki's calculations?

- A. No, I did not.
- Q. At page 8 of your rebuttal testimony.
- A. Okay.
- Q. The question and answer in the center of the page,
 I'll characterize it, and if you dis-- question
 was to the -- the question asked whether you
 agreed with assertions of Ms. Wiecki and Mr.
 Connolly that the frequency of orders processed
 manually should be of concern to this commission.
 And you answered in the negative; is that correct?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And you based that answer on your experience stating in fact that in practice there is no difference?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Just how complete is your experience? For example, are transactions processed when you are

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1		not physically present, you're not directly
2		involved in the process?
3	A.	Yes, they do.
4	Q.	And you are not you do not have personal
5		knowledge of how every single transaction is
6		processed, do you?
7	A.	That is correct.
8	Q.	So that the experience to which you refer at page
9		8 of your rebuttal is a limited kind of
10		experience?
11	A.	It's based on some reports that we have, right,
12		from other proceedings.
13	Q.	So it's based on indirect knowledge submitted to
14		you?
15	A.	Yes.
16	Q.	In report form or however by people whose job it
17		is among other things to supply you with
18		information?
19	A.	That is correct.
20	Q.	Referring you to page 9 of your rebuttal
21		testimony.
22	A.	Okay.
23	Q.	And that's connected with your initial testimony
24		at page 22 where you were talking about AT&T's
25		entry into the market in Michigan on March 10,

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correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And the 76 and 85 percent figures which are given in the second complete question and answer on page 9 of your rebuttal testimony is based on that example?
- A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Michigan example?
- A. Yes, it is.

MR. DAWSON: Excuse me, Glenn, I don't know that your word example is ambiguous. I think what is testified to is the experience in Michigan is actual fact, not hypothetical or test, is that what you meant to say?

MR. KELLEY: Yes. I didn't mean example in the sense of hypothetical.

MR. DAWSON: Excuse the interruption.

MR. KELLEY: No problem.

BY MR. KELLEY:

- Q. And what is the underlying support for your claimed percentage of 76 and 85 percent?
- A. The actual orders that came through the system.
 - Q. Okay. And have the calculations underlying those orders been made available to you? Have you viewed the calculations on which the orders were

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1		based?
2	A.	Yes, I viewed them, yes. They were also shared
3		with AT&T.
4	Q.	Okay.
5		MR. KELLEY: Nothing further.
6		EXAMINER JAMES: Any recross before we
7		go to the redirect?
8		(No response.)
9		<u>Examination</u>
10	By C	Chairman Parrino:
11	Q.	In response to cross-examination by Ms. Marsh she
12		was getting at she gave you a number of exhibits
13]	that were entered. For example, Exhibit 7 was an
14		order testing problem log, Exhibit 8 was a resale
15		bugs not fixed sort of log. And in response to
16		her questions you said that you had specifically
17		not reviewed those logs.
18		Now, in making the claim in your
19		testimony that the OSS is fully operational, were
20		there other logs that you reviewed specific
21		underlying data that you personally reviewed to be
22		able to make those claims?
23	A.	Just aggregate data. One of the issues I was
24		going through here is most of these are related
25		just to one system which makes up a piece of the

interface. And the piece that I have the most responsibility for because besides overall coordination of all the TA 96 OSS stuff, I still have the development for this piece. But the way I did all of them was an aggregate data from all the different interfaces. And I didn't treat the one that I had internally any differently because it was internal interface. So I used aggregate data provided to me and reports provided to me, talking to the individual people responsible for the systems.

I'm not a paper person, I like to sit
the person in front of me and have them tell me
how the systems are working and actually put my
hands on it and do CSR requests or use a test tool
and send a few orders through to make sure it
works. I'm suspect of most reports that are
printed out.

Q. Let me make sure that I understand then. The impression I'm left with is the basis for the statements in your testimony is that you had meetings with the individuals who are responsible for the components, the programs or the underlying systems. And they gave you their impression of whether or not the systems were functioning?

- A. And the subject was what is the extent that the interfaces are operational, what type of problem, customer problems would a CLEC encounter if they were using these systems, those type of questions. It wasn't a let's go down every case of trouble you've had or let's go down every test group you've had.
- Q. So did you get any sort of reports that gave you some sense of what errors were occurring with what frequency, what percentage were priority issues or priority problems? I mean what analytical information did you review to come to the conclusion that the systems were operational?
- A. Well, I've been involved with this since August of '95. So I've had my finger on it through the entire process. So I didn't use one separate sitting, one thing, you know, say okay, fine, now from this date everybody tell me what has happened, what is done and where we're at and what problems still exist. I used the time, experience that I've had on the job to say this is working based on all the problems that have been escalated to me over the course of that year-and-a-half and all the issues that were still outstanding and meeting with customers.